



Objective: REVIEW

Day 1**I. Commutative and Associative Properties**

A. Use the Commutative Property to rewrite each expression in order to add more efficiently. Then determine the sum.

1. $95 + 19 + 5$

2. $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{8} + \frac{3}{2}$

3. $0.1 + 3.93 + 2.9$

4. $35 + 17 + 105$

5. $\frac{3}{4} + 6\frac{1}{8} + \frac{3}{8}$

6. $5.04 + 8.35 + 1.16$

B. Use the Associative Property to rewrite each expression in order to add more efficiently. Then determine the sum.

1. $(29 + 17) + 13$

2. $(18 + 75) + 25$

3. $\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{4}{9}\right) + \frac{5}{9}$

4. $(2.2 + 1.01) + 0.99$

5. $6.2 + (0.8 + 2.54)$

6. $\frac{2}{5} + \left(\frac{8}{5} + \frac{1}{3}\right)$

C. Use the Commutative and Associative Properties to rewrite each expression in order to multiply more efficiently. Then determine the product.

1. $5 \times (19 \times 2)$

2. $20 \times (6 \times 2)$

3. $5 \times (18.5 \times 20)$

4. $\frac{1}{2} \times \left(\frac{13}{16} \times 2\right)$

5. $(1.25 \times 7) \times 4$

6. $\left(\frac{5}{8} \times \frac{1}{12}\right) \times 16$

D. Write an equivalent numeric expression for each using the Commutative and Associative Properties. Then determine the sum or product.

1. $7 + 6 + 3$

2. $5 \times 6 \times 4$

3. $2 \times 8 \times 3 \times 5$

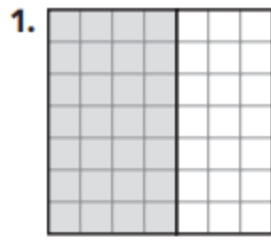
4. $9 + 4 + 11 + 16$

5. $8 \times 2 \times 8$

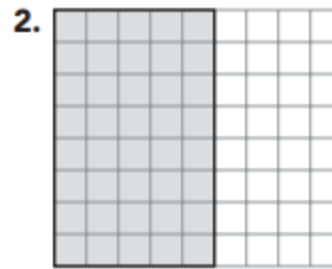
6. $4 + 7 + 1 + 6 + 3$

II. Exploring the Distributive Property with Numeric Expressions

A. Complete each to represent the shading in the model.



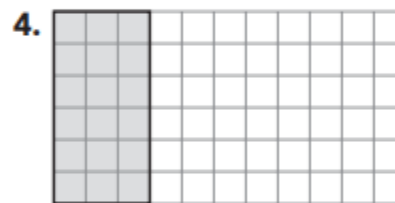
$$\begin{aligned}7 \times (4 + 3) &= 7 \times \underline{\quad} + 7 \times \underline{\quad} \\ &= \underline{\quad} + 21 \\ &= \underline{\quad}\end{aligned}$$



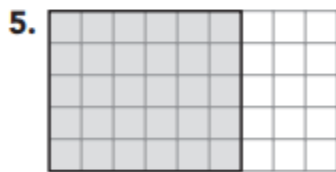
$$\begin{aligned}8 \times (5 + 4) &= 8 \times \underline{\quad} + 8 \times \underline{\quad} \\ &= 40 + \underline{\quad} \\ &= \underline{\quad}\end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}3 \times (\underline{\quad} + 2) &= 3 \times 6 + \underline{\quad} \times 2 \\ &= \underline{\quad} + 6 \\ &= \underline{\quad}\end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}\underline{\quad} \times (3 + 8) &= 6 \times 3 + \underline{\quad} \times 8 \\ &= \underline{\quad} + 48 \\ &= \underline{\quad}\end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}5 \times (6 + 3) &= 5 \times \underline{\quad} + 5 \times \underline{\quad} \\ &= 30 + \underline{\quad} \\ &= \underline{\quad}\end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}\underline{\quad} \times (7 + 5) &= 4 \times \underline{\quad} + 4 \times 5 \\ &= 28 + \underline{\quad} \\ &= \underline{\quad}\end{aligned}$$

B. Identify the expression that shows a correct way to decompose each.

1. 10×8

a. $9(8 + 4)$

2. 9×12

b. $13(7 + 4)$

3. 13×7

c. $9(6 + 2)$

4. 9×8

d. $10(7 + 1)$

5. 12×6

e. $12(3 \times 3)$

6. 13×11

f. $10(4 \times 4)$

g. $13(3 + 4)$

h. $12(4 + 2)$

C. Match each expression to the equivalent addition expression.

1. $35 + 28$

a. $7 \times (8 + 6)$

2. $18 + 36$

b. $7 \times (2 + 11)$

3. $121 + 22$

c. $11 \times (11 + 2)$

4. $14 + 77$

d. $6 \times (3 + 6)$

5. $27 + 12$

e. $3 \times (9 + 4)$

6. $56 + 42$

f. $7 \times (5 + 4)$

D. Complete each equation.

1. $8 \times 12 = 8 \times (\underline{\quad} + 10)$

2. $5 \times 14 = 5 \times (10 + \underline{\quad})$

3. $7 \times 13 = 7 \times (\underline{\quad} + 10)$

4. $9 \times 11 = 9 \times (\underline{\quad} + 1)$

5. $11 \times 15 = 11 \times (\underline{\quad} + 10)$

6. $12 \times 12 = 12 \times (10 + \underline{\quad})$

III. Calculating Area of Various Figures

A. Calculate the area of each given figure.

